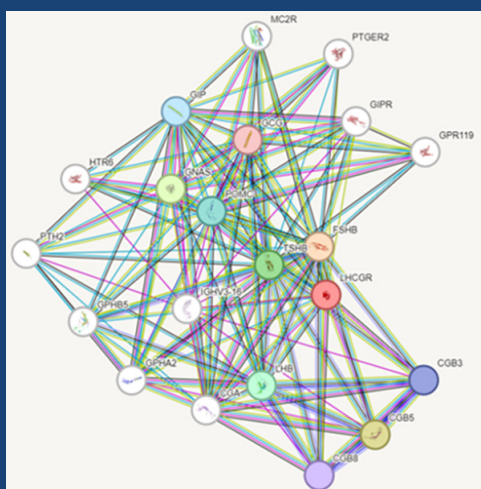




TURKISH-GERMAN GYNECOLOGICAL EDUCATION and RESEARCH FOUNDATION

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Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association



Volume 25
Issue 4
December

2024

Cover Picture: Thomas and Veerabathiran. Meta-analysis and power analysis of *LHCGR* gene polymorphism on PCOS

LH and testosterone levels and PCOS IVF outcomes

Nir Kugelman, Alyson Digby, Keren Rotshenker-Olshinka, Véronique Bellemare, Amrita Pooni, Weon-Young Son, Michael H Daham; Montreal, Canada; Haifa, Jerusalem, Israel

Family planning behavior

Jonathan Kazakov, Joshua Fogel, Tara Savannah Lowery, Maggie Tetrolakshvili; New York, Brooklyn, Westbury, NY, United States of America

Meta-analysis and power analysis of LHCGR gene polymorphism on PCOS

Sheena Mariam Thomas, Ramakrishnan Veerabathiran; Tamil Nadu, India

Unstimulated IVM for OMAs

Şenol Kalyoncu, Alper Başbuğ, Ebru Hatırnaz, Aşkı Ellibeş Kaya, Nur Dokuzeylül Güngör, Sebatı Sinan Ürkmez, Yeşim Civil Ürkmez, Şafak Hatırnaz; Gaziantep, Düzcce, Samsun, İstanbul, Turkey

Maternal fat measurement's role in predicting gestational diabetes

Çağdaş Nurettin Emeklioglu, Hicran Acar Şirinoğlu, Miraç Özalp, Melike Eren, Elif Akkoç Demirel, Simten Genç, Veli Mihmanlı; Karabük, İstanbul, Bitlis, Turkey

Does COVID-19 reduce AMH in women?

Keziban Doğan, Alev Kural, İlke Özer Aslan, Aliye Erdoğan, Mazlum Gönül, Mustafa Cengiz Dura, Nazlı Helvacı, Murat Ekin; İstanbul, Tekirdağ, Batman, Turkey

LEEP vs. cold-knife conization: obstetric outcomes

Mehmet Obut, Can Tekin İskender, Aykut Kırdan, Özge Yücel Çelik, Mevlüt Bıçak, Fulya Kayıkçioğlu, Betül Tokgöz Çakır, Sevgi Koç, Caner Çakır, Şevki Çelen, Ali Turhan Çağlar, Yaprak Engin Üstün; Ankara, Turkey

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Published by Turkish German Gynecology Education, Research Foundation / Türk Alman Jinekoloji Eğitim Araştırma ve Hizmet Vakfı tarafından yayınlanmaktadır.
Abdi İpekçi Cad. 2/7 34367 Nişantaşı, İstanbul, Turkey



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Web: www.galenos.com.tr Publisher Certificate Number: 14521

Online Publication Date: December 2024

E-ISSN: 1309-0380
International scientific journal published quarterly.

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association

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The target audience of Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association includes gynecologists and primary care physicians interested in gynecology practice. It publishes original works on all aspects of obstetrics and gynecology. The aim of Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association is to publish high quality original research articles. In addition to research articles, reviews, editorials, letters to the editor, diagnostic puzzle are also published. Suggestions for new books are also welcomed. Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association does not charge any fee for article submission or processing.

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Contents

ORIGINAL INVESTIGATIONS

- 192 Basal serum luteinizing hormone, total testosterone, and free testosterone levels do not impact IVF outcomes in patients with polycystic ovary syndrome
Nir Kugelman, Alyson Digby, Keren Rotshenker-Olshinka, Véronique Bellemare, Amrita Pooni, Weon-Young Son, Michael H Dahan; Montreal, Canada; Haifa, Jerusalem, Israel
- 200 Family planning behavior before and during the COVID-19 pandemic
Jonathan Kazakov, Joshua Fogel, Tara Savannah Lowery, Maggie Tetrolashvili; New York, Brooklyn, Westbury, NY, United States of America
- 207 Evaluating the impact of *LHCGR* gene polymorphism on polycystic ovary syndrome: a comprehensive meta-analysis and power assessment
Sheena Mariam Thomas, Ramakrishnan Veerabathiran; Tamil Nadu, India
- 219 Testing the role of unstimulated in vitro maturation for potential development of immature oocytes in women with oocyte maturation abnormalities
Şenol Kalyoncu, Alper Başbuğ, Ebru Hatırnaz, Aşkı Ellibeş Kaya, Nur Dokuzeylül Güngör, Sebati Sinan Ürkmez, Yeşim Civil Ürkmez, Şafak Hatırnaz; Gaziantep, Düzce, Samsun, İstanbul, Turkey
- 224 Effectiveness of first trimester maternal fat tissue measurement in prediction of gestational diabetes: a prospective cohort study
Çağdaş Nurettin Emeklioglu, Hicran Acar Şirinoğlu, Miraç Özalp, Melike Eren, Elif Akkoç Demirel, Simten Genç, Veli Mihmanlı; Karabük, İstanbul, Bitlis, Turkey
- 231 Does COVID-19 reduce anti-Müllerian hormone levels in women of reproductive age in late periods of infection?
Keziban Doğan, Alev Kural, İlke Özer Aslan, Aliye Erdoğan, Mazlum Gönül, Mustafa Cengiz Dura, Nazlı Helvacı, Murat Ekin; İstanbul, Tekirdağ, Batman, Turkey
- 238 Factors affecting obstetric outcomes in patients who underwent cold-knife and loop electrosurgical excision procedure conization due to cervical intraepithelial neoplasia 2 or cervical intraepithelial neoplasia 3
Mehmet Obut, Can Tekin İskender, Aykut Kından, Özge Yücel Çelik, Mevlüt Bucak, Fulya Kayıkçioğlu, Betül Tokgöz Çakır, Sevgi Koç, Caner Çakır, Şevki Çelen, Ali Turhan Çağlar, Yaprak Engin Üstün; Ankara, Turkey

REVIEWS

- 247 The role of leptin in the male reproductive system
Melek Obaideen, Tuğçe Önel, Ecem Yıldırım, Aylin Yaba; İstanbul, Turkey
- 259 The biological and psychological impact of the Coronavirus disease-19 pandemic on the characteristics of the menstrual cycle
Tiago Almeida Costa, Marina de Pádua Nogueira Menezes; São Paulo, Aracaju, Brazil

QUIZ

- 266 What is your diagnosis?
Anupama Bahadur, Rajlaxmi Mundhra, Ayush Heda, Shaline Rao, Gupchee Singh, Shriram Rundla, Sakshi Heda; Rishikesh, India

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association

Contents

LETTER to the EDITOR

- 270 Specialist and general emergency room: from “A to Z” case series of possible misdiagnosis due to the influence of gender
Paola Algeri, Maria Donata Spazzini, Nina Pinna; Bergamo, Milan, Italy
- 273 Second-trimester spontaneous uterine rupture: a rare case of diagnostic nuances and multidisciplinary management
Celine Sooknarine, Esra Çetin, David H. Pyatt II, Koray Görkem Saçıntı, Atinuke L. Akinpeloye; Michigan, United States of America; Aksaray, Ankara, Turkey

VIDEO ARTICLE

- 277 A new technique for stress urinary incontinence without using vaginal mesh
Emin Erhan Dönmez, Mustafa Oğuzhan Kılıç, Fisun Vural; İstanbul, Turkey

INDEX

2024 Referee Index

2024 Subject Index

2024 Author Index

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association

Editorial



Dear Colleagues,

It is my great pleasure to introduce the last issue of the “Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association (J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc)” in the publishing year of 2024. This issue is consisted of seven articles, and two reviews that we hope you will read with interest. Also you may have the opportunity to read the quiz. Here we share some of our favorite articles that were published in this issue of the journal.

Although the precise etiology of polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) is still unknown, research has indicated that both genetic and environmental factors play a role in its development. Research on PCOS has long focused on genetics because the condition's symptoms often run in families. The luteinizing hormone (LH)/choriogonadotropin receptor is encoded by the LH/choriogonadotropin receptor (*LHCGR*) gene. During the last stages of preovulatory follicles, this gene is primarily active in granulosa cells. You will have the opportunity to read a meta-analysis evaluating the

pattern of the association between *LHCGR* and PCOS.

Pregnancy-related spontaneous hyperglycemia is a common consequence of gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM). Hemoglobin A1C, fasting glucose, a two-hour 75 gr oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT), or a two-step test are some of the several screening methods. You will also have the opportunity to read an article determining whether maternal subcutaneous, visceral, and total adipose tissue measurements, as well as the ratios between them, could be utilized as a substitute for OGTT in the early stages of GDM prediction.

I would also like to invite you to join us for our prestigious 15th Turkish-German Gynecology Congress which will be held in Antalya between April 23-27 of 2025. As of before, our congress will be held to the highest scientific standards with a rich scientific program and pre-congress courses. At this year's congress we will be having lectures with the world's most reputable speakers; Prof. Gunter Noe, Prof. Ceanea Nezhat, Prof. Cristoph Berg, Prof. Karl Oliver Kagan, Prof. Ertan Sandoğan and more.

Dear Esteemed Readers, Authors and Reviewers,

Our objective is to reduce turnaround times inside the editorial system, with a focus on providing comprehensive justifications for unfavorable decisions (particularly those made without external review) for assistance with revision and resubmission elsewhere. Beyond this, we are creating chances for the author to reach a wider audience by having their work shared by our social media editors. Please visit our website at www.jtgga.org, and follow us on Twitter at @JtggaOfficial to stay up to date.

I would like to wish you a happy new year in 2025 and we are looking forward to receiving your valuable submissions, thank you in advance for your contributions.

Sincerely,

Prof. Cihat Ünlü, M.D.

Editor in Chief of J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc

President of TGGF